

6A Shot on location

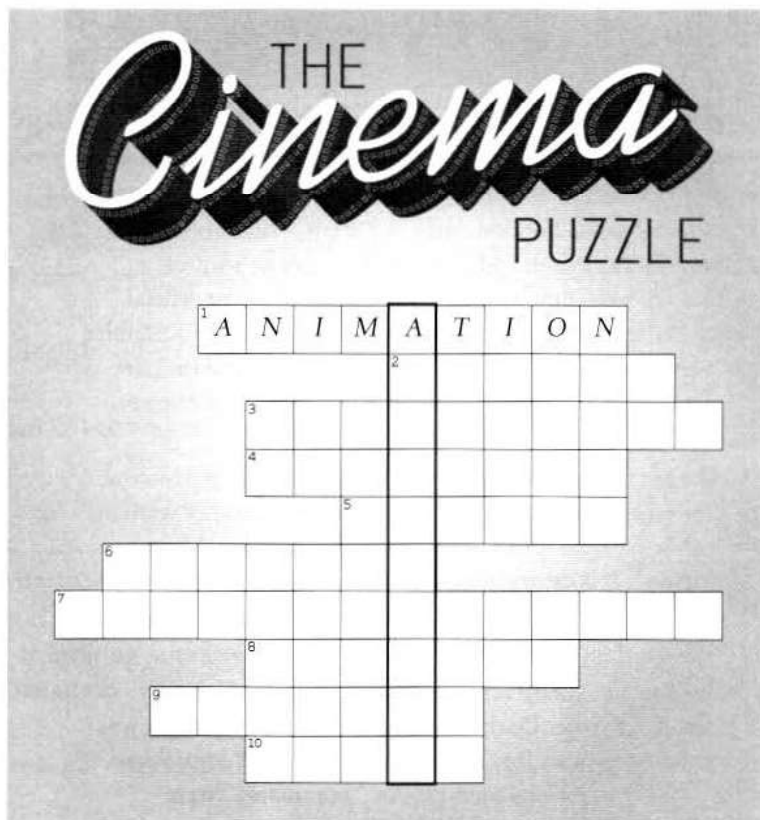
1 VOCABULARY cinema

a Read the clues. Complete the puzzle on the right to find the hidden kind of film.

- 1 A film where images are drawn is an *animation*.
 - 2 A funny film is a c_____.
 - 3 A film based on real events in the past is a h_____ film.
 - 4 A film with an exciting plot is a th_____.
 - 5 A scary film is a h_____ film.
 - 6 A film about cowboys is a w_____.
 - 7 A film about imaginary events in the future is a sc_____ -f_____ film.
 - 8 A film where the cast sing and dance is a m_____.
 - 9 A film about wars and battles is a w_____ f_____.
 - 10 A film with a serious story is a dr_____.
- Hidden kind of film: _____

b Complete the sentences.

- 1 The *star* of the film was a famous British actress.
- 2 I didn't understand the film because the pl_____ was very complicated.
- 3 The actor accepted the part as soon as he had read the sc_____.
- 4 Some members of the au_____ were crying at the end of the film.
- 5 Most critics have given the film an excellent r_____.
- 6 They only had to shoot the sc_____ once.
- 7 We don't speak French, so we saw the French film with English s_____.
- 8 You'll have to wait for the s_____ to find out what happens next.
- 9 My favourite s_____ is the music from *The Artist*.
- 10 The best thing about the film was the sp_____ ef_____. They looked very realistic.
- 11 The director is looking for ex_____ to act in the crowd scenes.
- 12 The c_____ was a mixture of British and American actors.



2 GRAMMAR passive (all tenses)

a Complete the sentences with the correct passive form of the verbs in the box. Use the tense in brackets.

direct dub invite play release shoot show write

- 1 The film is directed by Kathryn Bigelow. (present simple)
- 2 The part of Spiderman _____ by Andrew Garfield. (past simple)
- 3 It was very windy while the scene _____ . (past continuous)
- 4 The sequel _____ next year. (future, will)
- 5 Some of the extras _____ to the film premiere. (present perfect)
- 6 The musical _____ in cinemas all over the country. (present continuous)
- 7 The drama _____ into other languages. (future, going to)
- 8 The script _____ by the author of the book. (past simple)

b Circle the correct form, active or passive.



Anna Karenina

Anna Karenina is a film which ¹directed / **was directed** by Joe Wright. Most of the film ²shot / **was shot** in an old theatre outside London, but some scenes ³filmed / **were filmed** in Russia. It ⁴tells / **is told** the story of a young Russian woman who is married to a government official, but ⁵falls / **is fallen** in love with an aristocrat. Keira Knightley ⁶plays / **is played** the part of Anna Karenina, and the part of her lover, Count Vronsky, ⁷plays / **is played** by Aaron Taylor-Johnson.

The film ⁸starts / **is started** when Anna arrives in Moscow. Her brother ⁹has seen / **has been seen** with another woman, and Anna must speak to her sister-in-law about the situation. It is during this meeting that Anna ¹⁰introduces / **is introduced** to the Count. The film ¹¹has based / **is based** on the novel by Leo Tolstoy.

The superb soundtrack ¹²composed / **was composed** by Italian composer Dario Marianelli, who also ¹³wrote / **was written** the music for *Pride and Prejudice* and *Atonement*. Both of his previous soundtracks ¹⁴nominated / **were nominated** for Oscars, and *Atonement* won an Oscar.

The film ¹⁵can see / **can be seen** at cinemas all over the country.

3 PRONUNCIATION sentence stress

a **iChecker** Listen and repeat the sentences.
Copy the rhythm.

- The **film** is **based** on a **true story**.
- These **scenes** will be **filmed** on **location**.
- The **actor** has been **nominated** for an **Oscar**.
- The **script** was **written** by the **author** of the **novel**.
- The **sequel** is **going** to be **released next week**.
- The **costumes** are **being made** by **hand**.

b Underline the stressed syllable in these words.

- | | |
|-------------------|---------------|
| 1 audience | 6 horror film |
| 2 historical film | 7 review |
| 3 comedy | 8 sequel |
| 4 director | 9 soundtrack |
| 5 drama | 10 subtitles |

c **iChecker** Listen and check. Then listen again and repeat the words.

4 READING

a Read the text once. Tick (✓) where you think it comes from.

- | | | | |
|-----------------------|--------------------------|--------------------------|--------------------------|
| 1 an online newspaper | <input type="checkbox"/> | 3 a website for tourists | <input type="checkbox"/> |
| 2 a travel blog | <input type="checkbox"/> | 4 a cinema programme | <input type="checkbox"/> |

On location at Knebworth House

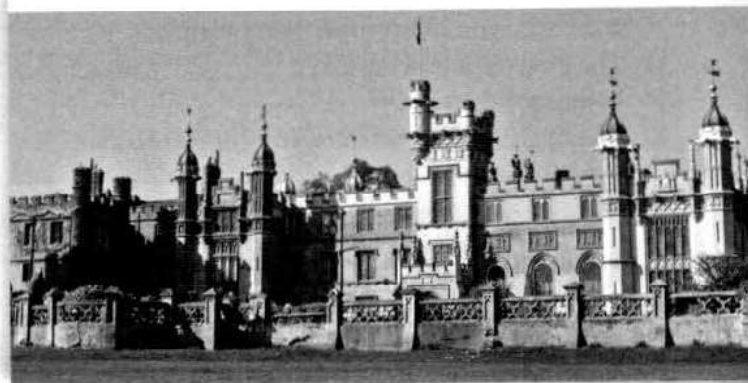
Knebworth House is famous worldwide for the major open-air rock concerts that have been held in its grounds since 1979. Knebworth is in the south-east of England, and the Lytton family have lived there for over 500 years. The house itself is one of the oldest **stately homes** in the UK. It is also one of the most popular locations for the world's film makers.

Not surprisingly, the Gothic architecture of the house appealed to American film director Tim Burton, when he saw it. He was in the UK filming a **new version** of the film *Batman* at the time. He thought that the façade of the building would be perfect as the exterior of Wayne Manor, the home of Batman. But the inside of Wayne Manor was actually shot at another big house in the same area – Hatfield House.

The inside of Knebworth House has also been used in many films. An important scene from the 2010 Oscar-winning film *The King's Speech* was shot in the **ballroom**. This film was made by the British director Tom Hooper. It starred Colin Firth as the young King George VI of England, who had a **speech impediment**. The ballroom was the **venue** for a party which was held by his older brother Edward. In a corner of the room, Edward tells George that he is planning to marry divorced American woman, Wallis Simpson, something which makes it impossible for him to be King of England. It is George who becomes King instead.

And, of course, like many other historic buildings in the UK, Knebworth has made an appearance in the Harry Potter films. In the fourth film of the series, *Harry Potter and the Goblet of Fire*, a Christmas ball is held in Hogwarts School of Magic. Before the dancing starts, there is a scene where one of Harry's friends appears in a beautiful long dress. The staircase that she descends while her friends look on in amazement is, in fact, the one in Knebworth House.

These are just a few of the famous scenes filmed at Knebworth House. To discover more, why not visit Knebworth yourself? The house is only 45 kilometres from London, and is easy to get to by car or by train. Knebworth House is a must for all cinema lovers visiting the UK.



b Read the text again. Mark the sentences T (true) or F (false).

- 1 Knebworth is a favourite destination for music lovers. T
- 2 The house isn't occupied any more. —
- 3 Many films have been made at Knebworth. —
- 4 Tim Burton used the outside of the house in one of his films. —
- 5 You can see the outside of the house in *The King's Speech*. —
- 6 George VI makes an important announcement to all his guests at Knebworth. —
- 7 Harry Potter walks down the staircase in Knebworth in one of the films. —
- 8 Knebworth House is quite near London. —

c Look at the **highlighted** words and phrases. What do you think they mean? Use your dictionary to look up their meaning and pronunciation.

d Complete the sentences with one of the **highlighted** words or phrases.

- 1 My sister didn't really like the new version of *Pride and Prejudice*. She prefers the old one.
- 2 Palaces often have a _____ where people come for a formal dance or party.
- 3 Nowadays, you can visit _____ in the UK to see how very rich families lived in the past.
- 4 In summer, I love going to _____ swimming pools. It's more fun than swimming indoors.
- 5 A hotel in the countryside is a popular _____ for weddings.
- 6 A person with a _____ can find it very difficult to speak in public.

5 LISTENING

a **iChecker** Listen to a tour guide talking to a group before he takes them on the James Bond tour of London. Number the places in the order he mentions them.

- | | | | |
|------------------|-------------------------------------|---------------------------|--------------------------|
| a a casino | <input type="checkbox"/> | e a club | <input type="checkbox"/> |
| b a house | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> | f a big building | <input type="checkbox"/> |
| c a hotel | <input type="checkbox"/> | g a street near the river | <input type="checkbox"/> |
| d a car showroom | <input type="checkbox"/> | | |

b Listen again and correct any mistakes in the sentences. Tick (✓) the sentences that are correct.

- 1 The tour will last for four hours.
three hours
- 2 Ian Fleming was born at 37 Green Street.

- 3 Fleming's favourite car was the Bentley.

- 4 *Casino Royale* was the second James Bond novel.

- 5 The large building near the Thames is MI5.

- 6 The traffic wardens who get wet are men.

- 7 The swimming pool scene in *Skyfall* was filmed in Shanghai.

- 8 James Bond actors have been to the Dukes Hotel twice.

c Listen again with the audioscript on p.73.



USEFUL WORDS AND PHRASES

Learn these words and phrases.

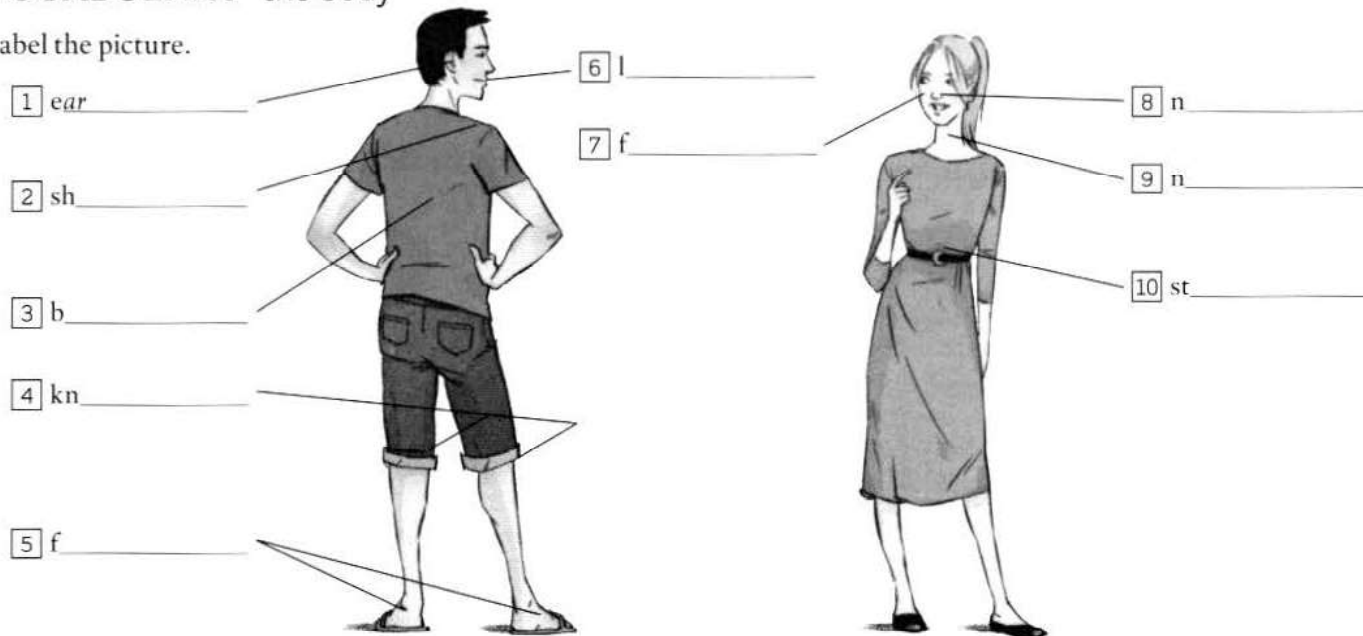
- alley /æli/
- aristocrat /ˈærɪstəkræt/
- gangsters /ˈgæŋstəz/
- servants /ˈsɜːvənts/
- tomb /tuːm/
- fictional /ˈfɪkʃənəl/
- spectacular /ˈspekˈtækjələ/
- currently /ˈkʌrəntli/
- the setting /ðə ˈsetɪŋ/
- on the edge of /ɒn ðiː ˈledʒ əv/



6B Judging by appearances

1 VOCABULARY the body

a Label the picture.



b Complete the sentences with the verbs in the box.

bite clap kick nod point smell smile ~~stare~~
taste touch throw whistle

- It's rude to stare at people. It can make them feel uncomfortable.
- You'll have to _____ the ball harder to score a goal.
- Don't _____ the door – I've just painted it.
- Can you _____ the soup? I think it might need more salt.
- I can _____ something burning. Did you turn off the oven?
- When you're introduced to someone, you should _____, say hello, and shake hands.
- We often _____ our heads when we agree with someone or understand what they've said.
- Did the audience _____ much at the end of the concert?
- Lisa doesn't like dogs because she thinks they'll _____ her.
- I often _____ a tune when I'm in the shower.
- Don't drop your sweet papers on the floor. _____ them in the bin.
- When I'm abroad, it's sometimes easier to _____ at something I want in a shop.

2 PRONUNCIATION diphthongs

a Circle the word with the different sound.

1	aɪ bike	bite smile height <u>weight</u>
2	eɪ train	face great eyes taste
3	əʊ phone	nose tongue throw toes
4	aʊ owl	sound crowd mouth shoulders
5	eə chair	hair here stare wear
6	ɪə ear	appearance beard fair serious

b **iChecker** Listen and check. Then listen again and repeat the words.

3 GRAMMAR modals of deduction: *might, can't, must*

a Circle the correct answers.



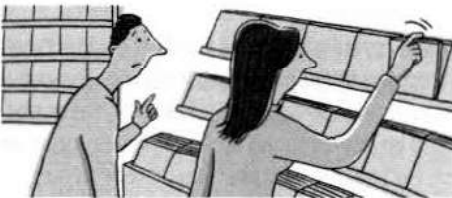
1 That woman can't / *must* be the new manager. Our new manager is a man.



2 You *must* / *can't* be tired. You've had a long trip.



3 They *must* / *can't* have much money. They never go out.



4 Don't buy Oliver a book. He *might not* / *must not* like the same kind of things as you.



5 Paula *can't* / *might* be injured. That's her best time ever for a marathon.



6 Your neighbour *must* / *might not* have a good job. Those cars are really expensive!

b Complete the sentences with *must, might, might not* or *can't*.

- 1 He lived in Argentina for five years so he must speak good Spanish!
- 2 You _____ be very busy at work. You're always on Facebook!
- 3 I'm not sure, but the new assistant _____ be Italian. Her surname is Rossi.
- 4 Mark passed all his exams. His parents _____ be very proud.
- 5 Do you really think England will win tonight? You _____ be serious! They have no chance!
- 6 Lucy wasn't feeling well this afternoon, so she _____ come to the party tonight. She said she would let us know later today.
- 7 I thought our neighbour was away on holiday, but she _____ be – I've just seen her in her garden.
- 8 It's very cold this evening and there's a lot of cloud. I think it _____ snow.

4 LISTENING

a **iChecker** Listen to a radio programme about the history of beauty. Tick (✓) the three periods in history that the guest talks about.

- | | |
|---------------------------|--------------------------|
| 1 Ancient Greece | <input type="checkbox"/> |
| 2 the Egyptians | <input type="checkbox"/> |
| 3 the seventeenth century | <input type="checkbox"/> |
| 4 the Middle Ages | <input type="checkbox"/> |
| 5 the Romans | <input type="checkbox"/> |
| 6 the nineteenth century | <input type="checkbox"/> |

Glossary

lead = a soft, heavy, grey metal

powder = a dry substance in the form of very small grains

b Listen again and mark the sentences T (true) or F (false).

- | | |
|---|----------|
| 1 Women and men wore make-up in Ancient Egypt. | <u>T</u> |
| 2 The Egyptians only wore black and white make-up. | — |
| 3 Egyptian men wore make-up to protect their skin from the sun. | — |
| 4 The Greeks thought that brown hair was the most beautiful. | — |
| 5 Greek women used a substance that was dangerous in their make-up. | — |
| 6 Beauty was very important to Roman people. | — |
| 7 Roman women put their make-up on themselves. | — |

c Listen again with the audioscript on p.74.

5 READING

a Read the article once. What is the writer's opinion of Photoshopping?

- 1 Publishers should be able to use it as much as they want to.
- 2 Publishers should be able to use it a little.
- 3 Publishers shouldn't be able to use it at all.

b Read the article again and choose the correct answers.

- 1 According to the article, publishers use Photoshopping to make people look...
 - a as good as possible.
 - b as interesting as possible.
 - c as thin as possible.
- 2 The article says that Photoshopped images have a bad effect on...
 - a girls of all ages.
 - b young teenagers.
 - c all kinds of people.
- 3 The new program gives a rating of 1 to an image with...
 - a no Photoshopping.
 - b a little Photoshopping.
 - c a lot of Photoshopping.
- 4 People complained about the Rachel Weisz advert because...
 - a it made her look a lot younger than she is.
 - b it showed the actress as she really is.
 - c it used an image of a different actress.
- 5 The people who will benefit most from the new tool are...
 - a advertisers.
 - b consumers.
 - c publishers.

c Look at the **highlighted** words and phrases. What do you think they mean? Use your dictionary to look up their meaning and pronunciation.

d Complete the sentences with one of the **highlighted** words or phrases.

- 1 Our neighbours are relying on us to water their garden while they're away.
- 2 Animal Rights groups want experiments on animals to be _____.
- 3 We're _____ our holiday plans so that we arrive on Thursday instead of Saturday.
- 4 I can't _____ how to download this program.
- 5 In general, the older you get, the more _____ you have in your skin.
- 6 In most countries, films are given a _____ to show which age group they are suitable for.

Photoshopping: how much is too much?



Today, it is normal for magazines to show pictures of models and celebrities that have been 'Photoshopped'. This means that the original photos have been changed on a computer using the Photoshop software to make them look better. The beautiful people in the photographs have perfect skin, no fat on their stomachs, and no **wrinkles** on their faces. They look so perfect and beautiful that what we see can't be real. But some publishers and advertisers insist that Photoshopping is necessary so that celebrities and models always look their best.

On the other hand, health organizations have warned that digitally **altering** photographs may be dangerous. They say Photoshopped images are not realistic, and may have a negative effect on people. Psychologists agree with the health organizations. They say some people try so hard to look like the pictures in magazines that they get ill. In some cases, they want to be as slim as the models and so they stop eating properly. When they realize that it is impossible to look so good, they get depressed. This doesn't only happen to young girls but it can happen to people of all ages. So what can be done to keep everybody happy? Two researchers at Dartmouth University in New Hampshire, USA, think they have found the answer.

Professor Hany Farid and Doctor Eric Klee have developed a computer program that can detect how much Photoshopping has been used on an image. Their software gives a **rating** from 1 to 5 to the image – 1 for a few changes, and 5 for a lot of changes. Farid and Klee's idea is that publishers include the rating next to the image. That way, consumers will be able to **work out** how realistic the image is.

News of Farid and Klee's system has come out at the same time as people have started criticizing the use of Photoshopping. They say that some advertisers are going too far with it. Recently, the actress Rachel Weisz appeared in an advert for an anti-ageing beauty cream in the UK. In the advert, Ms Weisz looked like a teenager – in fact, she's in her early forties. There were a lot of complaints about the image and the advert was eventually **banned**. Farid and Klee's system could solve two problems at the same time. Firstly, it would serve as a kind of health warning for consumers, and secondly it may stop advertisers from **relying** on Photoshopping so much.

USEFUL WORDS AND PHRASES

Learn these words and phrases.

stage /steɪdʒ/	go viral /gəʊ 'vaɪrəl/
achieve /ə'tʃi:v/	grow up /grəʊ 'ʌp/
dye (hair) /daɪ/	take seriously /teɪk 'sɪəriəsli/
judge (vb) /dʒʌdʒ/	vitaly important /'vaɪtəli ɪm'pɔ:tnt/
carefree /keə'fri:/	set an example /set ən ɪg'zɑ:mpl/