

VOCABULARY

ROOMS AND FURNITURE

1 A Find ten rooms and furniture words in the puzzle.

L	I	V	I	N	G	R	O	O	M	Z
C	W	L	N	O	I	N	A	G	E	R
U	A	K	I	T	C	H	E	N	M	I
P	R	Q	U	G	B	A	T	E	R	O
B	D	I	S	H	E	L	V	E	S	T
O	R	E	Y	B	D	E	A	T	O	H
A	O	Z	R	M	R	U	K	P	F	E
R	B	A	L	C	O	N	Y	Q	A	V
D	E	A	T	C	O	D	E	S	K	T
P	O	E	A	R	M	C	H	A	I	R

B Write the words from the puzzle in the correct column.

Places in a house	Furniture
living room	

GRAMMAR

THERE IS/ARE

2 A Read the advert and complete the conversation with the correct form of *there is/are*.

ROOM FOR RENT

One bedroom for rent in a large flat with other students

Good location – only ten minutes from the station

Rent: €400 per month

Phone: Eduardo on 0427 392 28409

A: Hi, Eduardo, my name's Ken. I'm interested in the flat. Can I ask you some questions?

B: Sure.

A: ¹ *Is there* a living room?

B: No, ² _____, but ³ _____ a big kitchen. We use it as a living room.

A: And ⁴ _____ a television?

B: We've got a small TV in the kitchen and ⁵ _____ an internet connection in each room.

A: Oh, that's good. So at the moment, how many people ⁶ _____ in the flat?

B: ⁷ _____ two of us – me and Karol. Karol's Polish and I'm from Argentina. ⁸ _____ anything else you want to know?

A: Er ... oh yes, are you near the shops?

B: Well, ⁹ _____ about five or six shops near the station and ¹⁰ _____ a large shopping centre about ten minutes away.

A: OK, thanks. It sounds great!

B Say the sentences. Then underline the stressed word in each sentence.

- 1 Is there a living room?
- 2 There's a big kitchen.
- 3 Is there a television?
- 4 How many people are there?
- 5 There are two of us.
- 6 There's a large shopping centre.

C  4.1 Listen and check. Then listen and repeat.

VOCABULARY

PREPOSITIONS

3 Underline the correct alternative.

- 1 A: Where's Antonia?
B: She's on/in/behind her bedroom.
- 2 A: I want to take a photo of everyone.
B: OK. Samad, could you stand on/under/in front of Tomas?
- 3 A: Where's your flat?
B: It's on/between/above that shop.
- 4 A: Is there a café near here?
B: Yes, there's one between/on/in the cinema and the post office.
- 5 A: Have you got today's newspaper?
B: Yes. it's in/on/between the kitchen table.
- 6 A: OK, let's go.
B: No, wait. Always look behind/above/next to you when you start your car.
- 7 A: Who's that next to/between/in your dad in the photo?
B: That's my brother, Stefano.
- 8 A: Where's the cat?
B: Look under/above/between the sofa.





READING

4 A Match the words in the box with 1–5 in the photo.

lamp mirror curtain sofa picture

B What do you think? Underline the alternative that you think is correct.

In a small room ...

- 1 have/~~don't have~~ lots of small furniture.
- 2 use/~~don't use~~ one or two pieces of large furniture.
- 3 have/~~don't have~~ a lot of pictures.
- 4 put/~~don't put~~ a mirror on the wall.
- 5 open/~~don't open~~ curtains in the day.
- 6 paint/~~don't paint~~ your walls a dark colour.

C Read the text and check your answers.

D Look at the photo in Exercise 4A. Complete the sentence with *There's/There are*.

- 1 There are no armchairs.
- 2 _____ a big sofa next to the window.
- 3 _____ two pictures behind the shelf.
- 4 _____ a curtain.
- 5 _____ a big mirror on the wall.
- 6 _____ a lamp in the room.
- 7 _____ a rug on the floor.
- 8 _____ no cups on the table.
- 9 _____ no cupboards.
- 10 _____ a shelf between the sofa and the wall.

TOP TIPS FOR SMALL ROOMS

BY INTERIOR DESIGNER MARIA WRIGHT

In a small home it's important to choose the right furniture. With the wrong furniture, your room can look crowded but with the right furniture, it can look spacious* and large.

People with small rooms usually make a big mistake: they put lots of furniture in the room. They often have two or three small armchairs and tables or a table and a desk – and they put lots of small pictures on the walls.

A small room looks good with one or two big pieces of furniture, for example a sofa or a table, for relaxing, eating and working. Have one or two pictures – no more – and put up a mirror. A mirror in the right place gives more light and makes the room look big. Windows are very important because they make a room look light and spacious. Use curtains but don't close them in the day. Put wallpaper on one wall and paint the other walls a light colour, for example white or yellow; don't use brown or black or other dark colours.

*spacious = has a lot of space

WRITING

COMMAS

5 A Read the text and put in six commas.

A man lives on the twelfth floor of a tall building. Every morning he leaves home, locks the door takes the lift down to the lobby opens the front door and leaves the building. In the evening he gets into the lift presses a button goes to the tenth floor opens the lift doors and walks up the stairs to his flat. Sometimes there's someone else in the lift and he goes up to the twelfth floor.

B What do you think? Why does the man only go to the tenth floor in the evening, when he lives on the twelfth floor?

LISTENING

1 A 4.2 Listen to a tour guide and number the street names in the order you hear them. Which four does he *not* talk about?

- a) Wood Street _____
- b) King William Street _____
- c) St Martin's Le-Grand 1
- d) Cheapside _____
- e) Fore Street _____
- f) Honey Lane _____
- g) London Wall _____
- h) Prince's Street _____
- i) Bread Street _____
- j) Moorgate _____
- k) Milk Street _____
- l) Threadneedle Street _____

B Listen again and match the places with the things you can do there.

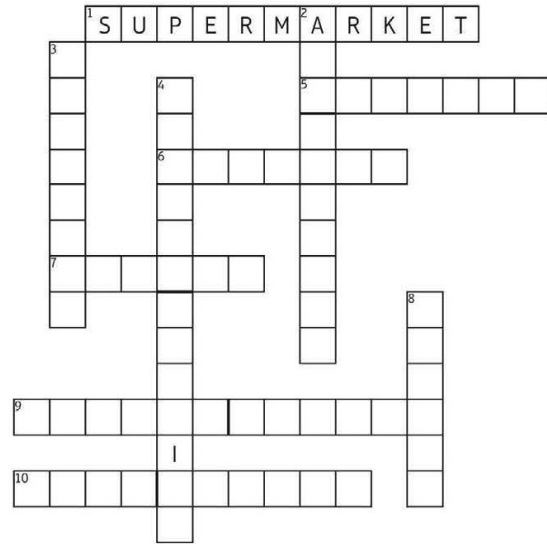
- 1 Museum of London e
 - 2 the Barbican _____
 - 3 Moorgate _____
 - 4 the Monument _____, _____
- a) send a postcard
 - b) see all of London
 - c) see a film or a play
 - d) get something to eat
 - e) see very old jewellery



VOCABULARY

PLACES IN TOWNS

2 Where do you go when ...? Complete the crossword.



Across

- 1 You need some food for the weekend.
- 5 You want to watch a play.
- 6 You want to borrow a book.
- 7 You want to watch a film.
- 9 You like doing exercise.
- 10 You want to buy a stamp and send a letter.

Down

- 2 You want to see some beautiful paintings.
- 3 You need some aspirin.
- 4 You want to speak to a police officer.
- 8 You like looking at very old objects.

GRAMMAR

CAN FOR POSSIBILITY

3 Complete the conversations with the correct form of *can* and the words in brackets.

- a) A: Excuse me, ¹ can I buy (I / buy) stamps here?
 B: Yes, ² _____ (you). But ³ _____ (you / not / send) your postcard, sorry. You need to go to the post office.
- b) A: ⁴ _____ (my son / play) tennis here?
 B: No, ⁵ _____ (he). But there's a sports centre in West Street – ⁶ _____ (he / play) there.
- c) A: Where ⁷ _____ (we / find) presents for our friends?
 B: ⁸ _____ (you / go) to that shop over there.
- d) A: ⁹ _____ (we / get) tickets here?
 B: Yes, ¹⁰ _____ (you).
 A: And ¹¹ _____ (we / pay) by credit card?
 B: No, sorry, ¹² _____ (you).

4 A Complete the quiz questions. Use *where*, *can* and the verbs in the box.

eat watch travel speak see

WHERE IN THE WORLD ...?

1 *Where can you eat* mooncake?

a) Mexico b) China c) Sweden

2 _____ four languages in one country?

a) Switzerland b) Canada c) Japan

3 _____ Michelangelo's famous statue of David?

a) Brazil b) Spain c) Italy

4 _____ across eleven time zones in one country?

a) Russia b) the USA c) India

5 _____ sixteen different football teams in one city?

a) Madrid b) London c) Rio de Janeiro

B Do the quiz.

C Read the sentences and check your answers to the quiz.

- 1 Mooncake is a very sweet cake. You eat it in China, at the Mid-Autumn Festival.
- 2 In Canada you hear two languages: French and English; but in Switzerland there are four official languages: Italian, French, German and Romansch.
- 3 The statue of David is in Italy. You visit it in Florence.
- 4 India has got one time zone, the USA has got four and in Russia you go through eleven time zones.
- 5 Rio and Madrid have got a lot of football teams, but in London you choose between sixteen different football clubs. Arsenal, Chelsea and West Ham United are some of them.

D Add *can* to the sentences in Exercise 4C.

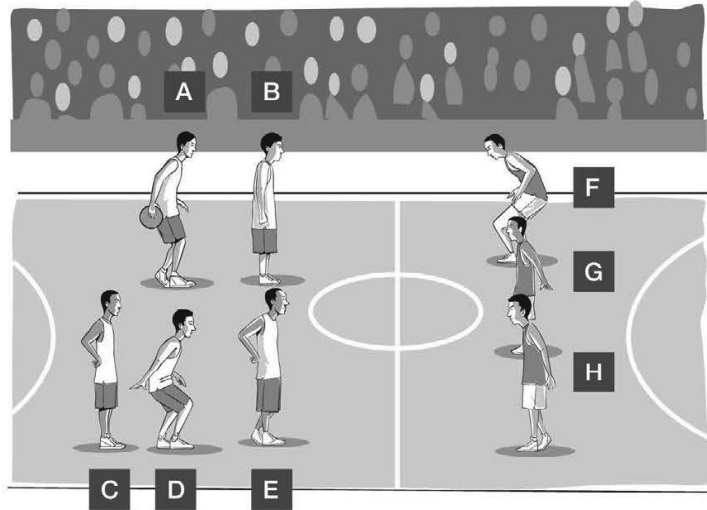
1 Mooncake is a very sweet cake. You can eat it in China, at the Mid-Autumn Festival.

VOCABULARY

PREPOSITIONS

5 A Read the sentences and look at the picture. Write the names of the basketball players.

- 1 Eduardo is in front of Dirk.
- 2 Andrei is opposite Eduardo.
- 3 Steve is on the right of Dirk.
- 4 Theo is behind Steve.
- 5 Tony is next to Andrei.
- 6 Neně is on the left of Tony.
- 7 Jorge is opposite Neně.



- A _____ Dirk _____
 B _____
 C _____
 D _____
 E _____
 F _____
 G _____
 H _____

B Look at the picture again. Underline the correct alternative.

- 1 Andrei is on the left of/on the right of Tony.
- 2 Steve is in front of/opposite Theo.
- 3 Neně is opposite/behind Jorge.
- 4 Tony is behind/next to Neně.
- 5 Eduardo is next to/on the left of Jorge.
- 6 Andrei, Neně and Tony are opposite/near each other.

VOCABULARY

THINGS TO BUY

1 A Write the shop names under pictures 1–10.



1 sports shop



2 _____



3 _____



4 _____



5 _____



6 _____



7 _____



8 _____



9 _____



10 _____

B Complete the things you can buy from the shops in Exercise 1A.

- 1 Go to shop 1 to buy trainers or a swi cos.
- 2 In shop 3 you can buy new _____ and mag _____.
- 3 You can buy jea and a jac in shop 4.
- 4 Do you want to buy a music C _____ or a film D _____? Go to shop 5.
- 5 You can buy sh _____ and med _____ in shop 9.
- 6 You go to shop 7 when you need a SIM c _____, hea _____ or a mem _____ sti _____.

FUNCTION

SHOPPING

2 Add the words in the box to the conversations.

you 'll can in too got problem them
enough 're it expensive they

Conversation 1

- you*
A: Can I help me?
B: Yes?
A: Have you got these jeans black?
B: Black? I think so. Yes.
A: Oh, they aren't big. Have you got in size 16?
B: Er ... let me look. Ah, yes.
A: Great, I take them. How much are?
B: They £39.99.

Conversation 2

- A: I help you?
B: Yes, we need a Scotland football shirt for Duncan.
A: OK. Try this one.
B: No, it's big. Have you it in small?
A: Here you are.
B: Thanks. That's great. How much is?
A: £60.
B: What? £60! That's too.
C: Mum!
B: No. No, thank you. Sorry, Duncan.
A: Fine. No.

LEARN TO

SAY NO POLITELY IN A SHOP

3 Put the words in the correct order to complete the conversation.

- Assistant:** help / I / can / you
¹Can I help you _____?
- Customer:** thanks / looking, / just / I'm
² _____
you / have / small / in / this / T-shirt / got
³ _____?
- Assistant:** no, / medium / only / sorry, / in
⁴ _____.
- Customer:** no, / isn't / right, / it / anyway / thanks
⁵ _____.
- Assistant:** red / we've / in / it / got
⁶ _____.
- Customer:** not / mmm, I'm / think / I / sure, / to /
need / it / about
⁷ _____.