# House space

#### Grammar

Causative have and get



1 a What does the woman need to have done? Complete the sentences with the correct form of the verbs from the box.

4 She would like ..... the rubbish ......

5 She thinks she should ...... the gate ..... the



#### Expressing obligation and permission

- 2 Circle the correct words in each sentence.
  - 1 You're not supposed to/ You are allowed to bring your dog into this building but it won't matter if no one sees him.
  - 2 I needn't have bought / I didn't need to buy a washing machine for my new apartment. I'll have to sell it on eBay.
  - 3 My parents weren't allowed to have / wouldn't let me have a TV in my bedroom, which meant I used to read a lot
  - 4 You don't have to / mustn't carry that heavy box up the stairs. There's a lift over there.
  - 5 We can't / needn't play loud music after 11 p.m., or the neighbours will complain.
  - 6 You shouldn't have / couldn't have left the door unlocked. Go back and lock it!
  - 7 The builders were supposed to / had to finish work on 21st June but the kitchen isn't ready yet.
  - 8 Don't let the children / The children don't have to climb that tree. It's not safe.
  - 9 You should / must turn the gas fire off before you go to bed or there could be a fire.
- 10 My mum says we should / are allowed to have the party at our house if we promise to clear up afterwards.

#### at, in and on to express location

- 3 Complete the sentences with the correct preposition: *in, on, at.* 
  - 1 Our apartment is ..... the first floor.
  - 2 I'll meet you ...... the entrance to the cinema.
  - 3 The airport is ..... the outskirts of the city.
  - 4 The building doesn't look very exciting ...... the outside but it's amazing inside.
  - 5 You can park ..... the back of the hotel.
  - 6 We put all the furniture ...... the middle of the room when we were decorating.
  - 7 There's plenty of storage space ...... the basement.
  - 8 There's a huge mirror ...... the top of the stairs.

#### Vocabulary

### Collocations describing where you live

- Cross out the option in italics which is NOT correct.
  - 1 The new development is conveniently / comfortably / ideally located.
  - 2 The neighbourhood used to be quite run-down but in the last few years it has become much more desirable / fashionable / likeable.
  - 3 Because there was only one bathroom we converted / installed / turned the smallest bedroom into a shower room.
  - 4 The master bedroom on the second floor overlooks / looks onto / gives an overview of the garden.
  - 5 Her apartment is quite small but there's enough / sufficient / convenient space for one person.
  - 6 The house is furnished very luxuriously / expensively / richly.
  - 7 When we first moved in we could only afford poor / cheap / second-hand furniture.
  - 8 The design of the bathroom is very simple / stylish / well-equipped.
  - 9 Unfortunately there isn't much room / place / space for us to have a party at home.
- 10 The main square is a good place / location / area for meeting friends.



#### Listening | Part 4

▶ 14 You will hear a journalist talking on the radio about adults in their 20s and 30s who still live with their parents. For questions 1–7, choose the best answer (A, B or C).

- 1 The survey shows that the European country with the lowest number of 'boomerang kids' is
  - A France.
  - B Sweden.
  - C the UK.
- 2 In southern Europe young adults continue to live at home because of
  - A low salaries.
  - B close family ties.
  - C a shortage of affordable housing.
- 3 In the USA people are leaving home later because
  - A they are getting married later.
  - B they have to pay off student debts.
  - C their relationships with their parents are good.
- 4 Young adults living at home say the main advantage is
  - A being able to save up.
  - B having someone to do their washing and ironing.
  - C being free from responsibilities.
- 5 One disadvantage mentioned by 'boomerang kids' in the survey is
  - A the lack of time spent alone.
  - B worrying what people think of them.
  - C being treated like a child.
- 6 Having adult children at home can be a problem for parents because it can
  - A restrict their freedom.
  - B be expensive.
  - C make them tired.
- 7 The most common source of conflict between parents and their adult children are
  - A household chores.
  - B mealtimes.
  - C financial arrangements.

## Writing | Part 2 Adding detail

1 Read some sentences from an article a student wrote about her grandparents' kitchen. Then match them to the type of detail they provide (A–F).



- 1 I always associate the kitchen with my grandmother.
- 2 The house was built in 1910 and the kitchen was extended in the 1970s.
- 3 My grandfather prefers to eat in the dining room because the chairs are more comfortable but my grandmother thinks it's too formal in there.
- 4 There are usually some flowers from the garden on the table and the smell of something wonderful cooking in the ancient oven.
- 5 It's difficult to choose my favourite dish but most people agree that my grandmother's fruit cake is delicious.
- 6 She's a very generous person; she makes jam for all her neighbours and gives them cherries and strawberries from her garden.

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- A providing a description
- B making a comparison
- C giving an opinion
- D giving an example
- E providing facts
- F describing feelings

1	 2	3	
4	 5	6	

2 Now look at this examination task. Which of the sentences in Exercise 1 do you think would be relevant for this article? Tick them.

## My favourite room

Tell us about your favourite room and why it's special for you.

The best article will be published in next month's magazine.

3 Plan your answer for this task. What type of detail would you include?

My favourite room	
Facts?	
Description?	
Feelings?	
Opinions?	

### Reading and Use of English | Part 1

For questions **1–8**, read the text below and decide which answer (**A**, **B**, **C** or **D**) best fits each gap. There is an example at the beginning (**0**).

0 A knowledge

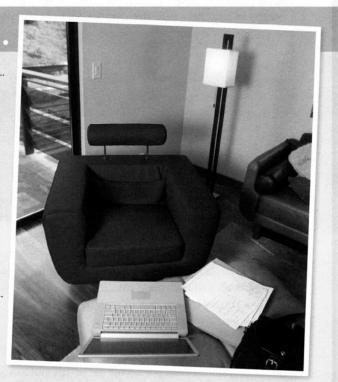
(B)	idea

C understanding

**D** suggestion

# A writer's room

It may not look like an office, but that's the point. The **(0)** ......of having to work all day in an office would mean I never went there. So there are no filing cabinets or piles of mail and no distracting shelves of books.



1 A various	<b>B</b> broad	C general	<b>D</b> widespread
2 A completely	B especially	C extensively	D primarily
3 A consider	B dream	C imagine	D expect
4 A moment	B event	C date	<b>D</b> occasion
5 A invent	<b>B</b> pretend	C suppose	D believe
6 A hope	<b>B</b> obligation	C demand	D desire
7 A permit	<b>B</b> allow	C let	<b>D</b> authorise
8 A disagree	B refuse	C reject	<b>D</b> deny