

# 11A First impressions

## 1 GRAMMAR adverbs (manners and modifiers)

a Complete the sentences with an adverb.

- The French cook perfect meals.  
They cook perfectly.
- The Germans are careful drivers.  
They drive \_\_\_\_\_.
- The British are very polite.  
They speak very \_\_\_\_\_.
- The Brazilians are good at football.  
They play football \_\_\_\_\_.
- The Japanese are very hard workers.  
They work very \_\_\_\_\_.
- The Canadians eat healthy food.  
They eat \_\_\_\_\_.
- The Swedish speak beautiful English.  
They speak English \_\_\_\_\_.

b Circle the correct word.

- My brother dresses **casual** / **casually**.
- Frank cooks **real** / **really** well.
- It's **easy** / **easily** to ride a bike.
- They walked **quick** / **quickly** to the railway station.
- He's very **quiet** / **quietly**. He never says anything!
- Elena's pizzas are **incredible** / **incredibly**.
- My French is very **bad** / **badly**.
- Can you speak more **slow** / **slowly**?
- Mark speaks English **good** / **well**.
- She eats **unhealthily** / **unhealthy**.
- They have **real** / **really** stressful jobs.



## 2 VOCABULARY common adverbs

Make adverbs from the adjectives and complete the sentences.

careful good easy hard healthy incredible perfect quiet

In the ideal city...

- ...car drivers drive carefully.
- ...workers work \_\_\_\_\_.
- ...families eat \_\_\_\_\_.
- ...people speak foreign languages \_\_\_\_\_.
- ...you can travel around \_\_\_\_\_.
- ...people talk \_\_\_\_\_.
- ...everybody treats tourists \_\_\_\_\_.
- ...everything is \_\_\_\_\_ cheap.

## 3 PRONUNCIATION word stress

a Underline the stressed syllable in the adverbs. Which **three** adverbs are **not** stressed on the first syllable?

- |                  |                  |
|------------------|------------------|
| 1 beaut fully    | 6 in cre di bly  |
| 2 care fully     | 7 perfect ly     |
| 3 ca sua lly     | 8 po lite ly     |
| 4 dan ge rous ly | 9 un heal thi ly |
| 5 fash ion ably  |                  |

b **iChecker** Listen and check. Then listen and repeat the adverbs.

## 4 READING

- a Read the text. Match the headings A–D to the paragraphs.
- A The Polish way of life
  - B Feeling at home abroad
  - C My first impressions
  - D Not what I expected

### First impressions of Warsaw

Danny MacIntyre, from Scotland, came to Poland for the first time seven years ago. He now lives in Warsaw where he runs a small media company.

1 \_\_\_\_\_

You always remember your first impressions of a new country. When I first came to Warsaw, I didn't know much about Poland at all. I didn't know anything about the culture. I didn't think the food was going to be very exciting, and I expected the weather to be similar to Scotland – maybe even a bit colder! But when I got there, I discovered how wrong I was.

2 \_\_\_\_\_

It was summer, and it was hot! In fact, the temperature was over 30 degrees! My first impression was that Warsaw was more beautiful than I expected. I spent a lot of time just walking around looking at the incredible architecture. I felt that the city had wonderful atmosphere and lots of energy.

3 \_\_\_\_\_

Polish people are very friendly. Most people can speak a bit of English and many speak it very well. I am trying to learn Polish, but it is very difficult. Fortunately, people don't mind when I make mistakes! Polish people are very hospitable, and they love to socialize – get together, eat, drink, and talk. Parties often don't finish until early the next morning. I am now married to a Polish woman. At our wedding, our guests didn't leave until 5.00 a.m. the next morning!

4 \_\_\_\_\_

Poland is a great place to live. It has everything – friendly people; cheap travel; delicious food; the summers are hot; and there's great skiing in the winter. There are mountains, lakes, and beaches; beautiful cities and fascinating culture. I still love Scotland, but Poland feels like home now.

- b Complete the sentences with words in the box.

atmosphere culture socializing fascinating hospitality  
impressions architecture expect

- 1 Danny's first \_\_\_\_\_ of Warsaw are very memorable.
- 2 Before he got to Poland, Danny didn't know much about Polish \_\_\_\_\_.
- 3 He didn't \_\_\_\_\_ the city to be so beautiful.
- 4 He was very impressed by the \_\_\_\_\_ in Warsaw.
- 5 He also liked the energy and \_\_\_\_\_ of the city.
- 6 The \_\_\_\_\_ of the Polish people is well known.
- 7 Polish people like \_\_\_\_\_ with their family and friends.
- 8 Danny finds the Polish culture \_\_\_\_\_.

## 5 LISTENING

**iChecker** Listen to two people talking about where they live. Answer the questions.

### Speaker 1 Brno, Czech Republic

- 1 Why is the city so quiet and empty at the weekend?
- 2 Where are there lots of shops?
- 3 How are they different from the ones in the main shopping areas?



### Speaker 2 Reykjavik, Iceland

- 4 When do people go to swimming pools and hot tubs?
- 5 What are there very few of in the Icelandic countryside?
- 6 How many people are there...? in Reykjavik in the second-biggest city
- 7 What kind of things do Icelandic people make?



## USEFUL WORDS AND PHRASES

Learn these words and phrases.

- a foreigner /ə 'fɔ:rnə/
- myth /mɪθ/
- subtitles /'sʌbtartlz/
- incredible /ɪn'kredəbl/
- incredibly /ɪn'kredəbli/
- dress (well) /'dres/
- a strong accent /ə strɒŋ 'æksent/
- first impressions /fɜ:st ɪm'preʃnz/
- get dark /get 'dɑ:k/
- in general /ɪn 'dʒenrəl/
- lock (your) doors /lɒk 'dɔ:z/

# 11B What do you want to do?

## 1 GRAMMAR verbs + to + infinitive

a Complete the sentences with *to* and a verb in the box.

become cook download go ride spend  
stop visit

- I'd like to go on a safari.
- My brother's learning \_\_\_\_\_ a motorbike.
- Do you need \_\_\_\_\_ less time on your computer?
- She wants \_\_\_\_\_ biting her nails.
- Would you like \_\_\_\_\_ New York?
- We know all their songs, so we don't need \_\_\_\_\_ the lyrics.
- I'm leaving home next month so I need to learn \_\_\_\_\_ a meal.
- Do you want \_\_\_\_\_ a singer?

b Write sentences or questions with *would like*. Use contractions.

- he / have very long hair    
 He wouldn't like to have very long hair.
- you / climb a mountain    
 \_\_\_\_\_?
- we / get up earlier    
 \_\_\_\_\_?
- I / learn to fly a plane    
 \_\_\_\_\_?
- she / make a short film    
 \_\_\_\_\_?
- they / get married    
 \_\_\_\_\_?

## 2 VOCABULARY verbs that take the infinitive

Match the sentences 1–8 with the sentences a–h.

- |  |                          |
|--|--------------------------|
| 1 I'm having some lessons.                         | <input type="checkbox"/> |
| 2 Our washing machine is broken.                   | <input type="checkbox"/> |
| 3 I have a lot of dresses.                         | <input type="checkbox"/> |
| 4 I'm playing tennis tomorrow.                     | <input type="checkbox"/> |
| 5 That girl is Brazilian so I can't speak to her.  | <input type="checkbox"/> |
| 6 We are looking at hotels in the South of France. | <input type="checkbox"/> |
| 7 I don't have time to do my homework now.         | <input type="checkbox"/> |
| 8 I'm in love with my boyfriend.                   | <input type="checkbox"/> |

- I'd like to learn Portuguese.
- I promise to do it later.
- I hope to win the match.
- We want to get married.
- We're planning to go there on holiday.
- ~~I'm learning to drive.~~
- We need to buy a new one.
- I decided to wear the red one.

## 3 PRONUNCIATION sentence stress

a Underline the stressed words.

- A Would you like to drive a sports car?  
 B Yes, I'd love to.  
 A Why?  
 B Because I love cars and I love driving.
- A Would you like to ride a horse?  
 B No, I wouldn't.  
 A Why not?  
 B Because I don't like horses.
- A Do you want to learn to cook?  
 B Yes, I need to.  
 A Why?  
 B Because I want to live on my own.

b **iChecker** Listen and check. Then listen and repeat the dialogues.

## 4 LISTENING

- a **iChecker** Listen to a TV presenter interviewing three people about things they want to do with their lives. What are their ambitions?



1 Dave



2 Sandy



3 Eddie

- b **iChecker** Listen again and write T (true) or F (false).

- 1 Dave had a Triumph motorbike when he was younger.
- 2 Dave has a girlfriend.
- 3 Sandy is planning to visit Canada with her boyfriend.
- 4 Sandy enjoys flying.
- 5 Eddie has tickets to see his favourite band in concert.
- 6 Kings of Leon aren't touring this year.

### USEFUL WORDS AND PHRASES

Learn these words and phrases.

ambitions /æm'biʃnz/

recipes /'resəpiːz/

preferably /'prefrəbli/

serious /'sɪəriəs/

translate /trænz'leɪt/

be yourself /bi jɔ:'self/

bite your nails /baɪt jɔ:'neɪlz/

(see a band) live /laɪv/

stay awake /steɪ ə'weɪk/

## 5 READING

- a Read the text. Answer the questions with J (Jacques), K (Kimberley), Y (Yusuke), or G (Giulio).

### Things I want to do

#### Jacques, 25, France

I'd love to be in Times Square in New York at midnight on New Year's Eve! And I'd like it to be snowing too – that's more romantic. People say that the atmosphere there is amazing. I think it would be a great experience.

#### Kimberley, 31, Canada

I want to visit the Amazon rainforest. It's such a unique and fascinating place and I'm really interested in the wildlife that lives there. I'd like to do a trek and go camping there for three weeks or so. I've seen a lot of films about explorers and now I'd like to do something really exciting myself.

#### Yusuke, 26, Japan

What I want to do is go on a road trip across Europe with my two best friends. I've been to the US and Canada, but I've never been to Europe. I want to see all the famous tourist sites like the Eiffel Tower, Big Ben, and the Leaning Tower of Pisa. I read about them in books when I was a child – it would be a dream come true for me to see them in real life.

#### Giulio, 34, Italy

It's not very original, but I'd like to drive a really expensive, classic sports car through the Alps with my girlfriend next to me in the passenger seat. However, at the moment I own a Fiat Punto, so I may have to wait a few years before I can achieve my dream!

- 1 Which person became interested in their dream when they were very young?
- 2 Who wants to be part of a traditional celebration?
- 3 Who needs to buy something before they can achieve their dream?
- 4 Which person would like a bit of adventure?

- b Guess the meaning of the highlighted words. Check the meaning and pronunciation in your dictionary.

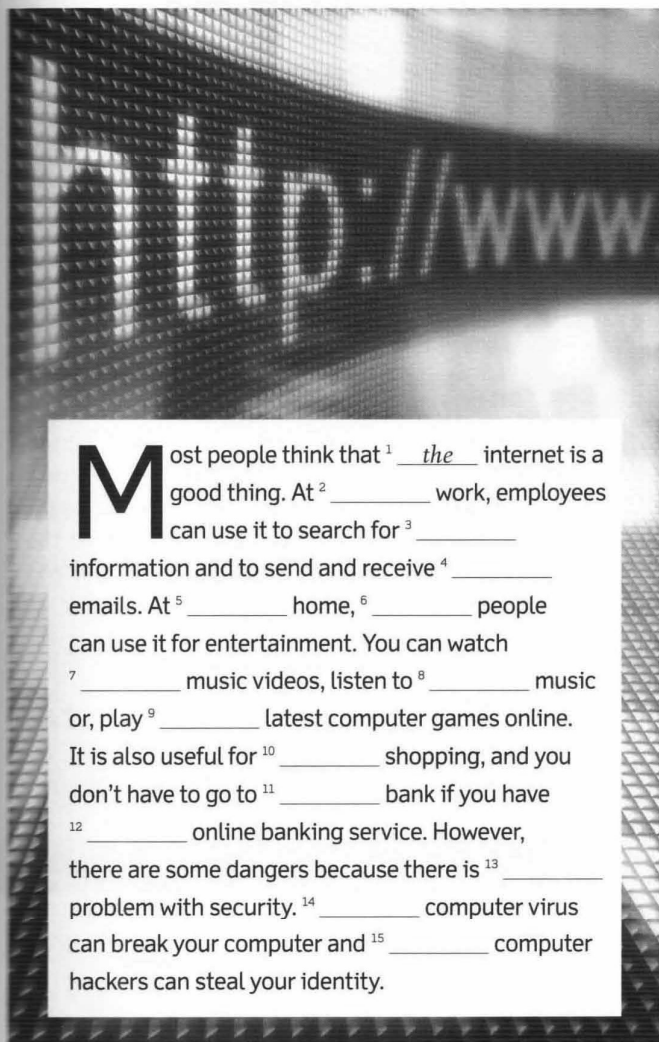
# 11C Men, women, and the internet

## 1 GRAMMAR articles

a Correct the mistake in each answer (B).

- |                               |                          |
|-------------------------------|--------------------------|
| 1 A Where are the children?   | B They're at the school. |
| 2 A What do you do?           | B I'm engineer.          |
| 3 A Where's the juice?        | B In a fridge.           |
| 4 A What's that?              | B A identity card.       |
| 5 A How often do you go?      | B Twice the week.        |
| 6 A What animals do you like? | B I like the dogs.       |
| 7 A How did you travel?       | B By a train.            |
| 8 A Where did you book?       | B On internet.           |

b Complete the text with *the*, *a* / *an*, or *-*.



Most people think that <sup>1</sup> the internet is a good thing. At <sup>2</sup> \_\_\_\_\_ work, employees can use it to search for <sup>3</sup> \_\_\_\_\_ information and to send and receive <sup>4</sup> \_\_\_\_\_ emails. At <sup>5</sup> \_\_\_\_\_ home, <sup>6</sup> \_\_\_\_\_ people can use it for entertainment. You can watch <sup>7</sup> \_\_\_\_\_ music videos, listen to <sup>8</sup> \_\_\_\_\_ music or, play <sup>9</sup> \_\_\_\_\_ latest computer games online. It is also useful for <sup>10</sup> \_\_\_\_\_ shopping, and you don't have to go to <sup>11</sup> \_\_\_\_\_ bank if you have <sup>12</sup> \_\_\_\_\_ online banking service. However, there are some dangers because there is <sup>13</sup> \_\_\_\_\_ problem with security. <sup>14</sup> \_\_\_\_\_ computer virus can break your computer and <sup>15</sup> \_\_\_\_\_ computer hackers can steal your identity.

## 2 VOCABULARY The internet

Unscramble the words to complete the sentences.

- All our hotel rooms have Wi-fi (IW-IF) access.
- It's cheaper to \_\_\_\_\_ (PKSEY) than to make a phone call.
- Do you ever shop \_\_\_\_\_ (NONELI)?
- You only need your username and your password to \_\_\_\_\_ (GOL NI).
- Do you want to \_\_\_\_\_ (DLWODNAO) this file?
- I sometimes forget to include the \_\_\_\_\_ (TATHCANEMT) in my emails.
- I need to \_\_\_\_\_ (RASHEC ROF) some information before I write my report.
- You can \_\_\_\_\_ (OGLEGO) the name of the restaurant to find out the address.
- They're going to \_\_\_\_\_ (POLUDA) their holiday photos tonight.

## 3 PRONUNCIATION word stress

a Underline the stressed syllable in these words.

- |              |          |            |
|--------------|----------|------------|
| 1 email      | network  | website    |
| 2 address    | online   | results    |
| 3 document   | internet | username   |
| 4 attachment | computer | directions |

b **iChecker** Listen and check. Then listen and repeat the words.



## 4 READING

- a Read the article. When did the World Wide Web begin? \_\_\_\_\_
- b Read the article again and number the events in the order they happened.
- Tim Berners-Lee developed a new computer language.
  - The Americans opened an agency to develop new technology.
  - They put the new language on the internet.
  - 1 The Russians sent a satellite into space.
  - The World Wide Web made the internet available to all computer users.
  - The network changed its name to the internet.
  - The agency developed a network to connect computers.
  - Berners-Lee and a colleague used the new language to write a new program.

## 5 LISTENING

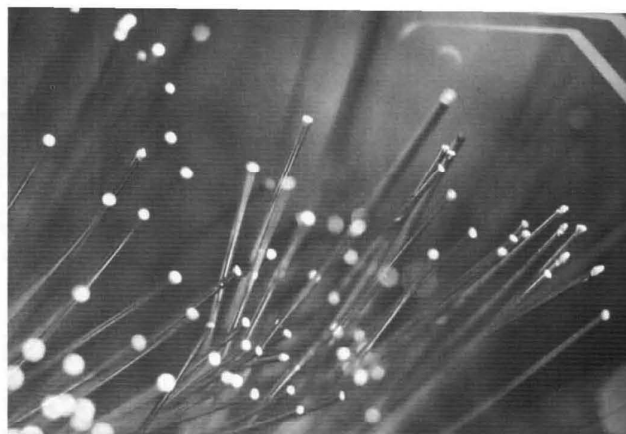
- a **iChecker** Listen to four speakers talking about how they use the internet. Match speakers 1–4 to the thing they do most often.
- Speaker  uses a social network.  
Speaker  plays games.  
Speaker  does a job.  
Speaker  talks to family and friends.
- b **iChecker** Listen again and match the speakers to the sentences A–D.
- Speaker 1                       Speaker 3   
Speaker 2                       Speaker 4
- A This person often puts photos on the internet.  
B This person likes his / her job.  
C This person uses the internet to relax.  
D This person saves money because of the internet.

### USEFUL WORDS AND PHRASES

#### Learn these words and phrases.

advice /əd'vaɪs/  
both /bəʊθ/  
password /'pɑ:swɜ:d/  
username /'ju:zəneɪm/  
book (tickets / hotels) /bʊk/  
lose weight /lu:z 'weɪt/  
make transfers /meɪk 'trænsfɜ:z/  
online shopping /ɒnlaɪn 'ʃɒpɪŋ/  
pay bills /peɪ 'bɪlz/

**iChecker TESTS FILE 11**



## The story behind the World Wide Web

**T**o find out when the World Wide Web began, we first need to look at the internet. The origins of the internet go back to the Space Race of the 1950s. After the Russians sent the satellite Sputnik into space, the Americans wanted to develop their own technology further, so they set up ARPA – the Advanced Research Projects Agency. This agency found a way of connecting computers, which they called ARPANET. In 1974, they changed its name to 'the internetwork' or 'internet' for short.

In 1980, a scientist at CERN, the European Organization for Nuclear Research, wrote a computer program so that he and his colleagues could share their research. The scientist's name was Tim Berners-Lee, and his software was called ENQUIRE. At first, only scientists at CERN could use the program, which contained a new computer language called hypertext. Then, in 1991, he and a colleague wrote a more advanced version of the program which made hypertext available over the internet. This was the beginning of the World Wide Web, as we know it. The first website and web server was info.cern.ch. Today, there are more than 227 million websites containing over 65 billion web pages.

Over two billion people now use the internet, which is nearly a third of the world's population.

